

NEWS OF THE DAY.

Cool and unsettled. The sun rises at 6.02 and sets at 6.21. The British mail (via New York) closes to-day at 11.30 a.m. and at 3 p.m.; (via Rimouski) on Saturday at 6 a.m.

Contents of To-day's Globe.

- 1. The Duke and Duchess of York at Montreal. Mr. Ford's cable letter. 2. The funeral of President McKinley. 3. Condensed advertisements. 4. For the Home—Men of the Day, The Calendar, The Globe of 1851, A Hundred Years Ago, Social Events, Humor of the Hour. 5. Mr. Whitney in Peel County. British Columbia political crisis. The Sanderson-McArmond ministerial trial at Smith's Falls. 6. Editorial. 7. Trades and Labor Congress at Brantford. Hamilton and London news. 8. Old Boys of North York. Royal visit to Montreal (continued). 9. Ottawa news. General cable news. The Czar in France. 10. Sporting news. 11. Commercial news. Navigation news. Weekly review of the dry goods trade. Legal news. The fall Asizes. 12. Memorial services of President McKinley held in Toronto. Local items. Music and the drama.

General News.

Dr. W. F. Pratt of Ottawa is dead. Mrs. McMillan, a second victim of the St. Catharines carriage accident, is dead, and a third lady is still critically ill.

Forty mounted police will go from Calgary to act as an escort for the Duke of Cornwall in Victoria and Vancouver.

Mr. Brown's defeat in New Westminster has caused a crisis in British Columbia politics, and Premier Dunsmuir may resign.

Rev. D. C. Sanderson of Smith's Falls has been suspended until Conference deals with his alleged unbecoming conduct at Syracuse, N.Y.

R. E. Truax, M.P.P., has been re-nominated by the Liberals of South Bruce, and B. Cannon, the Opposition nominee, has retired from the contest.

Requests for nearly 800 harvest hands have been received at the Manitoba Department of Agriculture, but cannot be supplied, owing to scarcity of labor.

The Weather.

Observatory's readings of the thermometer and barometer and direction and velocity of the wind at the Observatory:—

Table with columns: Time, Therm., Bar., Wind. Includes a circular weather chart showing wind direction and speed.

Mean of day, 47; difference from average, 10. Forecast—Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Breeze to fresh winds, mostly southerly; cloudy and cool, with scattered showers. Ottawa Valley and Upper St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; mostly fair and cool, followed by showers at night. Lower St. Lawrence and Gulf—Moderate southerly and westerly winds; fair and cool. Maritime, West and East—Moderate westerly winds; fair and cool. Lake Superior—Westerly winds; clearing; stationary or a little higher temperature. Manitoba—Fair, becoming warmer again. 8 p.m.—The weather today has been fair and cool in Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec, and rain has fallen in the Maritime Provinces. The Atlantic storm has moved away far to the southward of Nova Scotia. Minimum and maximum temperatures:—Victoria, 60-74; Kamloops, 40-70; Calgary, 28-63; Prince Albert, 32-54; Winnipeg, 33-52; Port Arthur, 28-54; Fort Snare, 34-54; Toronto, 48-62; Ottawa, 41-61; Montreal, 40-50; Quebec, 40-54; Halifax, 44-50.

Steamship Arrivals.

Bolgraia—At New York, from Boulogne. La Savoie—At Havre, from New York. Mastic—At Liverpool, from New York. New England—At Liverpool, from Boston. Augusta Victoria—At Bremen, from New York. Saxonia—At Boston, from Liverpool. Manchester Commerce—At Montreal, from Manchester.

APPEALING TO PRES. ROOSEVELT.

Mr. Kruger Preparing a Memorial to the New President. (Associated Press Despatches.) London, Sept. 20.—Mr. Kruger, according to a despatch to The Daily Mail from Brussels, is preparing a memorial to President Roosevelt, soliciting the intervention of the United States in South Africa.

THE ANGLICAN SYNOD.

A Summary of Business Transacted During the Meeting. (Special Despatch to The Globe.) Montreal, Sept. 19.—The Provincial Synod of the Church of England in Canada adjourned to-day. The upper house assembled with the members of the lower house and the Bishop of Toronto, who presided owing to the indisposition of the Metropolitan Archbishop Bond, presented the following summary of business done:—1, appointment of a board of preliminary inquiry; 2, appointment of assessors in the court of the Metropolitan; 3, recasting of canon 21 on degrees in divinity; 4, adoption of an address to His Majesty the King; 5, adoption of a canon to alter the constitution in regard to the time of meeting of the Provincial Synod; 6, adoption of a canon making the canons of the Provincial Synod conform to the requirements of the general Synod; 7, adoption of an address to His Royal Highness the Duke of Cornwall and York; 8, appointment of a joint committee on the relation of Finlanders and others to the Church of England in Canada; 9, the adoption of a resolution favoring the establishment of diocesan branches in the church of Canada affiliated to the English society of sacred studies. The Lord Bishop of Toronto then pronounced the Synod for three years.

HONORS FOR DUKE AND DUCHESS.

LOYAL ADDRESSES AND DEGREES PRESENTED AT MONTREAL.

His Highness the Duke in French at the Convent of Ville Marie—Presented the New Medical Building at McGill University—Addresses Read by Lord Strathcona and Other Prominent Canadians—Immense Crowds Greet the Royal Visitors—Welcomed by the Provincial Synod—A Warm Greeting From the Catholic Clergy—Presentations to the Duchess.

(Special Despatch to The Globe.)

Montreal, Sept. 19.—The funeral of the late President McKinley prevented anything of a social nature from being carried out in connection with the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York to-day. Business was suspended in Montreal out of respect to the memory of Mr. McKinley, and the royal party paid their tribute by refraining from taking part in any social functions. There were to have been dinners at the residences of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal and of Hon. George E. Drummond, the Chairman of the Civic Reception Committee, but these were cancelled. Flags on all the Government and on most of the public buildings were flying at half-mast.

Many Public Functions. The royal party, however, were occupied for a great part of the day in functions of a public character. Both the Duke and Duchess were invested with the degree of LL.D. at the Victoria College for Women, which is affiliated with McGill University, and they afterwards officially opened the new medical building, erected for and presented to McGill by Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal in the name of his wife and of his daughter, the Hon. Mrs. Howard. In the latter place the Duke and Duchess signed their names to the roll, the Duke signing "George" and the Duchess "Victoria May." Visits were paid also to Laval University, the Diocesan Synod and Victoria Hospital, and this afternoon the Duke and Duchess drove out to historic Monklands, a former vice-regal residence, and now the convent of Ville Marie. On the way back the party drove to the top of Mount Royal, and

to deepen his sense of Imperial responsibility, as well as to confer great gratification upon millions of loyal and enthusiastic British subjects, by coming into actual contact on its own territories with each of the "new nations within the empire." Nowhere more than in Canada does there exist an intense appreciation of whatever helps to weld together the different portions of our vast Imperial fabric. The people of Montreal still fondly cherish the memory of the visit which your royal father paid their city some forty years ago; and nowhere could a more enthusiastic greeting be offered to his son and heir, the representative of a long line of Kings, and the parent of Kings that are to be. That your Royal Highness is accompanied by your illustrious consort is an additional source of gratification to a university whose work for



LIEUTENANT-COLONEL R. E. W. TURNER Receiving the Victoria Cross at the Military Review, Plains of Abraham, Tuesday, September 17th.

the higher education of women will always be associated with the memory of our late Queen Victoria in the college which, by her most gracious permission, bears her own name. "May you long be spared to fill the high place to which you have been called, continuing to be the mainstay and support of your august parents, and may all your future career give the fullest fruition to the hopes and expectations which have been formed of you by a grateful, appreciative and a loyal people. "In the name, and by the authority of the governors, principal and fellows of McGill College, I was the first time since her arrival in Canada that the Duchess had worn anything but sombre black. The gorgeous red silk gown, with its facings and lining of delicate pink, and the trencher, with its stream-

UNITED BY AN ANARCHIST.

The World Pays Homage to the Memory of McKinley.

COBRA WRECKED.

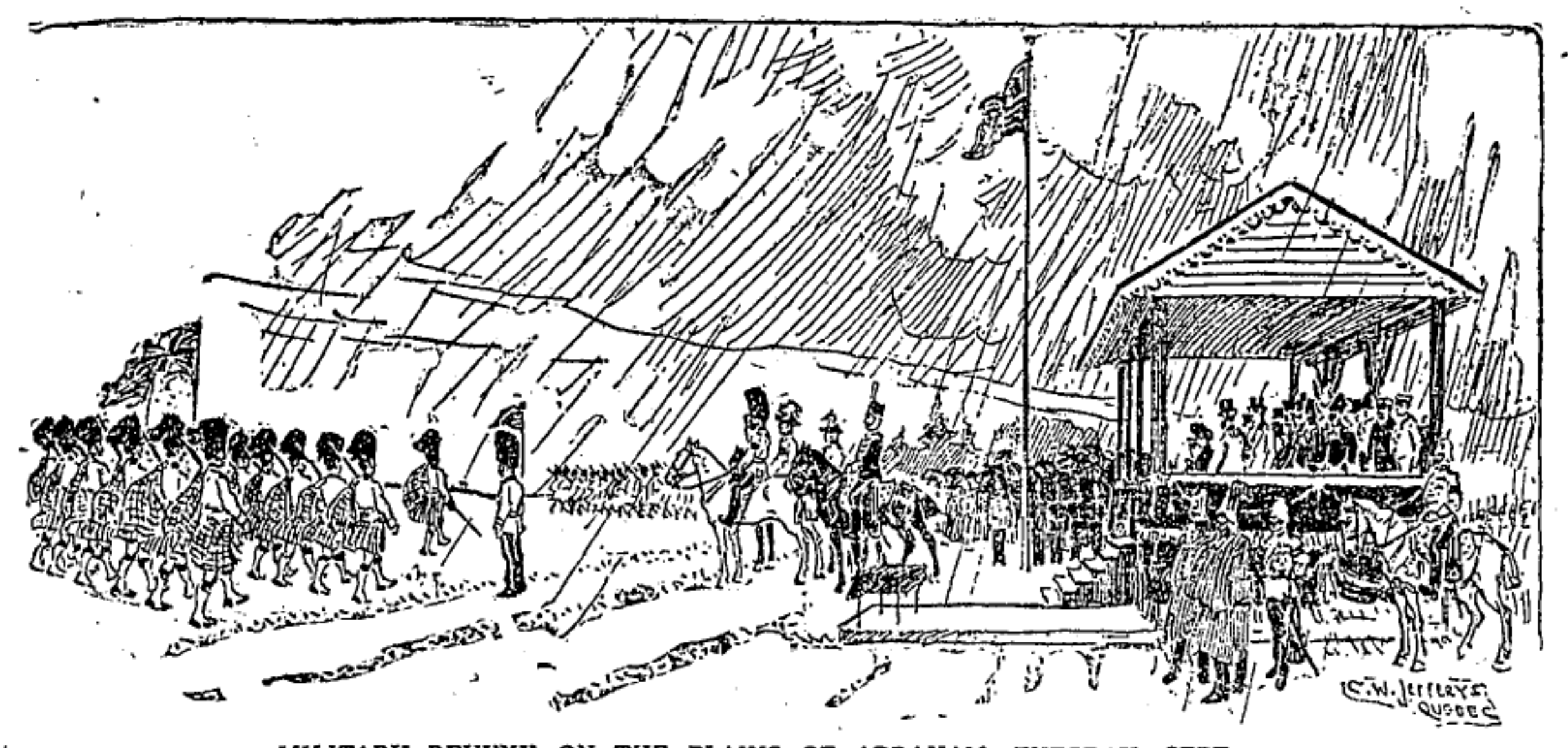
Sixty-Seven Lives Lost on the Destroyer.

THREE BRITISH DEFEATS.

Mounted Infantry Captured by Botha—Natal Threatened—Renewed Riots at Grimsby.

(Special Cable Despatches to The Globe.)

London, Sept. 20, 1 a.m.—(Special.)—A close approach to church unity was made by the religious bodies of London in honoring the memory of the murdered President. Nonconformist and free churches united in a memorial service in the City Temple, where the platform was decorated with the flags of all nations and occupied by ministers of many Protestant bodies. The burial service was repeated at Westminster Abbey with stately simplicity, in the presence of representatives of royalty, the full diplomatic corps, many leading Englishmen and a vast concourse of spectators of the service. A solemn supplication, modelled closely after the one held after the death of Queen Victoria, was reverently followed by an assemblage filling every available yard of floor space at St. Paul's Cathedral. There were special services at St. Martin-in-the-Fields and other English churches, and the vespers in the Roman Catholic cathedral were well nigh converted into a memorial service for the President. The Anarchist's revolver has united the religious world in reverent acts of homage to the memory of the hearty old-fashioned Methodist who was the first citizen of a great republic. In the storied Abbey. Among these services the most impressive was that in the storied Abbey. The nave and north transept were filled long before noon, and the south transept was occupied mainly by members of the American Society and their friends. The staff of the American Embassy acted as ushers for the choir, where representatives of royalty and members of the Cabinet were seated with diplomatic corps and a distinguished company. Lord Rosebery's intellectual face was near Lord Pauncefoot's bent figure, and Lord Cranborne, Sir William Harcourt, the Lord Chief Justice, Sir William Colville and Lord Revelstoke were prominent in the choir stalls. The service opened with the choir stalls. The service opened with the choir stalls. The service opened with the choir stalls.



MILITARY REVIEW ON THE PLAINS OF ABRAHAM, TUESDAY, SEPT. 17.

from Lookout Point took their first view of Montreal City. Their reception here, it should be said, has been characterized by exceeding warmth, and the royal pair are said to have been greatly pleased with the greetings they have received. A private supper to the members of the royal staff was given to-night at the residence of Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal. An Interesting Incident. His Excellency Lord Minto, the Governor-General, left this afternoon for Ottawa to prepare to receive the Duke and Duchess there. An interesting incident occurred while Lady Minto was proceeding to the station. The escort consisted of a detachment of the 6th Hussars, and one of the troopers fell from his horse to the ground. Lady Minto stopped the carriage, and, alighting, went out to the trooper to inquire if he was seriously injured. Her action brought forth a cheer from the crowd. The royal train leaves the Canadian Pacific station at Windsor street at 9 this morning. The station will be kept entirely clear even of employees of the road, except those who are required for the handling of the train, while traffic on the line will be suspended for half an hour. At McGill College. The proceedings of the day commenced with the visit of the Duke and

presented the following address of welcome:—"May it please your Royal Highness, the Governors, Principal and Fellows of McGill University desire to offer you a very cordial welcome on your arrival in the commercial metropolis of Canada. Along with the civic authorities and the general body of the citizens they joyfully embrace the opportunity of testifying to their loyalty to the throne, and to the pride with which they cherish, in common with all who represent the British name beyond the seas, the feeling of partnership in the privileges and responsibilities of a great Imperial inheritance. "The progress which your Royal Highness has been making through the countries which own the British sway has been no ordinary pleasure tour. We do not forget that it was undertaken at a time when the claims of private grief might well have disinclined you to leave your home circle. But in the interests of the empire you set everything aside, and we know that the sacrifice thus made has not been without its advantages. In former days the education of an English gentleman was not considered to have been completed till he had made the grand tour of Europe. Henceforth it will be the European of every succeeding heir to the British Crown to strengthen his personal feelings of patriotic pride and

worthy of the glorious memories of the Abbey and the supreme act of reverent homage for a President suffering martyrdom for the cause of civilized government. St. Paul's Vast Audience. The service at St. Paul's was opened by a series of funeral marches, played with refinement of feeling and cumulative richness of effect by the organist. It was a simple but beautiful choral service, beginning with the Lord's Prayer and continuing with Sir John Martin's setting of De Profundis and Stainer's Miserere, and closing with the anthem, "I Heard a Voice," prayers from the English service, with William McKinley's name written in, and with the hymn, "Oh, God, Our Help in Ages Past," sung by the vast congregation with thrilling effect. The supreme moment was reserved for the end, when thousands stood reverently while Handel's funeral march was played on the silver-toned organ. The Lord Mayor and Corporation attended in State, and the staff of the American Embassy was present, but more significant than anything else was the vastness of the audience. The cathedral was filled half an hour before service began, and thousands, unable to enter, hung about Queen Anne's statue and blocked the passage of Ludgate Circus. Others' Notes of Sympathy. The Stock Exchange was closed, and a memorial service in St. Lawrence, Jewry, too the place of the ordinary level of speculation. The President's favorite hymns were sung in the City Temple by the immense congregation. Shops were open in the city, but business was virtually suspended. The streets were filled with men and women in full mourning, and even omnibus drivers and cabbies tied bunches of crepe around their whips. From the Provinces come tidings of scores of memorial services and signs of universal mourning. Even conservative Oxford has felt the impulse of Anglo-Saxon feeling, for the American flag has been hoisted half-mast over one of the most prominent university buildings. The King has been more sympathetic than ever in his message to the American Ambassador, and the working people of the metropolis have shown how deeply their hearts were moved by standing guard for hours around St. Paul's. Never has England honored any foreigner as it has paid homage to this American President. The Disaster to the Cobra. Britain yesterday received news of disasters to her army and navy. The catastrophe at sea, involving the loss of 45 lives and the wreck of the new destroyer, Cobra, was a very serious affair. Since the loss of her sister ship, Viper, which was wrecked in the English Channel during the recent naval manoeuvres, the Cobra was the fastest vessel in the world, and the only ship of the turbine class in the British navy. She ran on the rocks off the Lincolnshire coast in bad weather on Wednesday morning while on the way from the contractors at Newcastle to Portsmouth, where she was to have been put in commission. Twelve men were saved. The story of the survivors is exceedingly pathetic, and many tales of heroism are reported. South African Reverses. The disaster to the army occurred in South Africa. Following his report of Wednesday night of the capture of a patrol in Cape Colony, Lord Kitchener announced last evening a much more serious reverse, the worst, indeed, for many weeks past, three companies of mounted infantry, under Major Gough, being utterly defeated by General Botha south of Utrecht in the Transvaal. The British lost heavily, the casualties numbering 200. Gough himself seems to have been lucky in escaping, but the three guns which he had with him were captured by the Boers. Natal Threatened. Utrecht is only a few miles from Natal, and Lord Kitchener evidently apprehends that Botha will attempt an invasion of that colony, as he states that he is reinforcing General Lytton, who has within the present month taken over the command there. Smut's successful dash through the corridor General French had drawn around him in Cape Colony is regarded with misgivings in military circles. I.N.F. Explaining Cobra's Wreck. London, Sept. 20, 6 a.m.—(Special.)—In all probability 67 lives were lost when the Cobra sank on Wednesday morning, as, in addition to the navigating crew, the destroyer carried 22 mechanics in the employ of Messrs. Parsons. It seems impossible at present to reconcile the conflicting statements as to the cause of the terrible disaster. The chief engineer says she struck on rocks, but the chart shows no rocks in the neighborhood. Other survivors believe she struck on the outer Downsling shoal, which consists of shingle and sand, while others again think she was

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